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BAR-19-101-P-A-UK
BDA Agrément®
ENERTITE® OS 200
Spray Foam Insulation
for Flat Roofs

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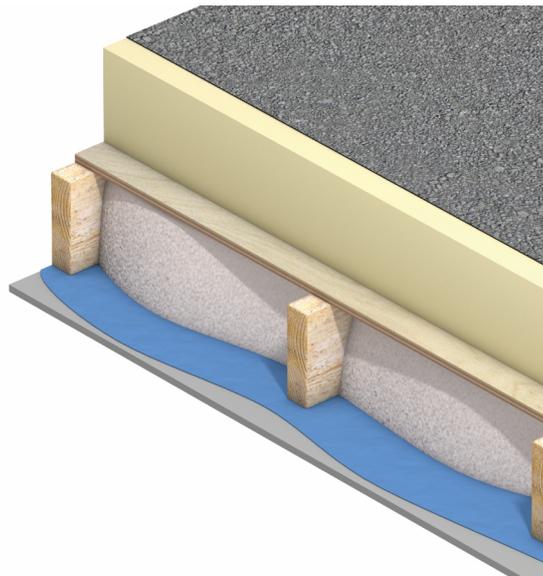
SCOPE OF AGRÉMENT

This Agrément relates to ENERTITE® OS 200 (hereinafter the 'Product'), an in-situ formed, water blown, spray-applied thermal insulation layer which contributes to the airtightness of flat roofs. It also contributes to the airtightness of flat timber framed roofs with a rafter slide. The Product is for internal application directly to the underside of flat roofs with Type LR breather membranes (new build) or roof deck boards in room spaces of existing or new domestic buildings in the UK.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Product consists of two liquid components that are spray applied to form an open cell structure, soft polyurethane (PUR) seamless foam insulation layer to BS EN 14315-2, that adheres to the treated surface. It is produced by an exothermic reaction between the polyol component (A) and the isocyanate component (B). Once applied the Product expands, solidifies and cures to form a soft density foam. The Product is applied in layers, until the final required design thickness (not exceeding 400 mm) is achieved.

PRODUCT ILLUSTRATION



THIRD-PARTY ACCEPTANCE

None requested by the Agrément holder.

STATEMENT

It is the opinion of Kiwa Ltd., that the Product is fit for its intended use, provided it is specified, installed and used in accordance with this Agrément.

Chris Vurley, CEng
Technical Manager, Building Products



Mark Crowther, M.A. (Oxon)
Kiwa Ltd. Technical Director



SUMMARY OF AGRÉMENT

This document provides independent information to specifiers, building control personnel, contractors, installers and other construction industry professionals considering the fitness for the intended use of the Product. This Agrément covers the following:

- Conditions of use;
- Production Control, Quality Management System and the Annual Verification procedure;
- Product components and ancillary items, points of attention for the Specifier and examples of details;
- Installation;
- Independently assessed Product characteristics and other information;
- Compliance with national Building Regulations, other regulatory requirements and Third-Party acceptance, as appropriate;
- Sources.

MAJOR POINTS OF ASSESSMENT

Thermal performance - the Product improves the thermal insulation of flat roofs and has a declared aged thermal conductivity of 0.039 W/mK* (see section 2.2.09).

Moisture control - the Product (see section 2.1.10):

- has a low volume closed cell percentage;
- has low water vapour transmission resistance;
- can contribute to limiting the risk of interstitial and surface condensation;
- is not resistant to water penetration.

Fire performance - the Product is classified as Euroclass F (combustible) in accordance with BS EN 13501-1 (see section 2.2.11).

Durability - the Product will have a service life equivalent to that of the flat roof structure in which it is incorporated (see section 2.2.12).

CE Marking - the Agrément holder has responsibility for CE marking in accordance with all relevant harmonised European Product Standards (see section 2.2.13).

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CHAPTER 1 - GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

1.1 - CONDITIONS OF USE

1.1.1 Design considerations

See section 2.2.

1.1.2 Application

The assessment of the Product relates to its use in accordance with this Agrément and the Agrément holder's requirements.

1.1.3 Assessment

Kiwa Ltd. has assessed the Product in combination with relevant test reports, technical literature, the Agrément holder's quality plan, DoPs and site visit as appropriate.

1.1.4 Installation supervision

The quality of installation and workmanship must be controlled by a competent person who must be an employee of the installation company.

The Product must be installed strictly in accordance with the instructions of the Agrément holder and the requirements of this Agrément.

1.1.5 Geographical scope

The validity of this document is limited to England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland, with due regard to chapter 3 of this Agrément (CDM, national Building Regulations and Third-Party Acceptance).

1.1.6 Validity

The purpose of this BDA Agrément® is to provide for well-founded confidence to apply the Product within the Scope described. The validity of this Agrément is three years after the issue date, and as published on www.kiwa.co.uk/bda.

1.2 - PRODUCTION CONTROL AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Kiwa Ltd. has determined that the Agrément holder fulfils all obligations in relation to this Agrément, in respect of the Product.

The initial audit demonstrated that the Agrément holder has a satisfactory Quality Management System (QMS) and is committed to continuously improving their quality plan. Document control and record keeping procedures were deemed satisfactory. A detailed Production Quality Specification (PQS) has been compiled to ensure traceability and compliance under the terms of this Agrément.

1.3 - ANNUAL VERIFICATION PROCEDURE - CONTINUOUS SURVEILLANCE

To demonstrate that the Product is in conformity with the requirements of the technical specification described in this Agrément, an Annual Verification procedure has been agreed with the Agrément holder in respect of continuous surveillance and assessment, and auditing of the Agrément holder's QMS.

This Agrément does not constitute a design guide for the Product. It is intended as an assessment of fitness for purpose only.

2.1 - ANCILLARY ITEMS

Ancillary items detailed in this section may be used in conjunction with the Product but fall outside the scope of this Agrément:

- spray machinery including plural component proportioners (double-acting positive displacement piston metering pumps) fitted with spray gun application equipment;
- corrugated cardboard rafter slide (water vapour permeable), fitted between rafters to create a 50 mm ventilation gap between the underside of the flat roof decking and the Product;
- vapour control layer (hereinafter 'VCL');
- lining boards.

2.2 - POINTS OF ATTENTION TO THE SPECIFIER

2.2.1 Design responsibility

A Specifier may undertake a project specific design in which case it is recommended that the Specifier co-operates closely with the Agrément holder. The Specifier or installing contractor is responsible for the final as-built design.

2.2.2 Applied building physics (heat, air, moisture)

A competent specialist shall check the physical behaviour of a project specific design incorporating the Product and if necessary can offer advice in respect of improvements to achieve the final specification. The Specialist can be either a qualified employee of the Agrément holder or a suitably qualified consultant (in which case it is recommended that the consultant Specialist co-operates closely with the Agrément holder).

2.2.3 General design considerations

The Product can be used as insulation in the following applications:

- upgrade of flat roofs with existing insulation between rafters to meet current U-value requirements;
- treatment of surfaces with restricted access or curved features;
- remain exposed after treatment in non-habitable room spaces or covered by plasterboard lining in habitable rooms combined with adequate ventilation and a vapour check layer.

Where a room space is being converted into a heated habitable room, the Product can be applied directly to a timber deck or concrete deck where a suitable VCL is used behind a plasterboard lining.

A VCL is not required when the Product is installed between rafters in a non-habitable room space.

A cardboard rafter slide can be used to cover decking to create a ventilation gap, allowing any water vapour to disperse. The Product is then sprayed over the rafter slide.

Where the Product is applied to the underside of decking boards, the ventilation strategy must be in line with the guidance in BS 5250, taking into consideration the type of decking used.

Care is needed for design detailing of joints at rooflight and flue pipe openings and should be in accordance with BS 6093.

A suitable VCL incorporating lapped and sealed joints shall be applied behind a lining board, unless an assessment to BS 5250 indicates that it is not necessary.

Ventilation openings should be arranged to prevent the ingress of rain, snow, birds and small animals and the risk of blockage by other building operations.

For habitable room spaces, the Product shall be covered by a ceiling plasterboard lining fixed to rafters or battens and with all joints taped/sealed to give a minimum 30-minute fire rating.

The Product shall not be applied over junctions with external walls required to provide a minimum period of fire resistance. Care shall be taken to ensure continuity of fire resistance at junctions with fire-resisting elements, in accordance with the national Building Regulations.

Roofs shall incorporate cavity barriers at edges, around openings, at junctions and in extensive cavities with fire-resisting elements in accordance with the relevant provisions of the national Building Regulations.

The Product shall be separated by 8 cm from any heat emitting devices and any potential source of ignition, where temperature is $> 82^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Do not apply the Product over electrical cables, recessed lighting, existing vents or ventilation gaps. Consider re-routing, re-laying in conduit or trunking, or de-rating electrical cables. Replace existing recessed lighting with ventilated fittings that incorporate a protective fire hood.

The Product is an open cell foam which is inert once cured and is therefore chemically inactive by definition. The Product will not react with metals typically used in construction elements.

New build design considerations

New flat roofs should be designed and constructed in accordance with the national Building Regulations and the relevant timber, steel and concrete Eurocodes, BS Standards and Codes of Practice to prevent moisture ingress and air infiltration.

Retrofit design considerations

Existing flat roofs shall be in a good state of repair with no signs of rain penetration or damp. Any necessary repairs shall be carried out prior to installation.

2.2.4 Project specific design considerations

A pre-installation survey is required for the installation of the Product - see section 2.4.3.

2.2.5 Permitted applications

Only applications designed according to the specifications given in this Agrément are permitted; in each case the Specifier will have to co-operate closely with the Agrément holder.

2.2.6 Installer competence level

The Product must be installed strictly in accordance with the instructions of the Agrément holder and the requirements of this Agrément.

Installation shall be by approved installation companies who are members of the BASF FoamMasters Scheme.

2.2.7 Delivery, storage and site handling

The Product is delivered to site in suitable containers, that bear the Product name, the Agrément holder's name and the BDA Agrément® logo incorporating the number of this Agrément.

Store the Product in accordance with the Agrément holder's requirements. Particular care must be taken to:

- avoid exposure to direct sunlight for extended periods of time;
- avoid exposure to high or low temperatures for extended periods of time;
- store in a well-ventilated covered area to protect from rain, frost and humidity;
- store away from possible ignition sources.

The drums containing the Product should be stored indoors between 10 °C and 37 °C.

The liquid isocyanate component is classified as 'harmful', under The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (CHIP 4) and drums bear the appropriate hazard warning signs. Ventilate and vacate the installed space for 24 hours subsequent to installation to prevent the inhalation of isocyanate vapour. When cured, the Product is non-hazardous.

2.2.8 Maintenance and repair

Once installed, the Product does not require regular maintenance, provided the weathertightness of a roof is maintained. Damaged or poorly applied Product should be removed from the affected area using a hand saw. New Product should then be applied. For advice in respect of repair, consult the Agrément holder.

Performance factors in relation to the Major Points of Assessment

2.2.9 Thermal performance

Thermal conductivity

Due to the nature of the open cell structure of the Product, it has a high air content and has adequate thermal resistance.

For the purpose of U-value calculations and to determine if the requirements of the national Building Regulations are met, the thermal resistance and U-value of roofs incorporating the Product should be calculated according to BS EN ISO 10211 (taking into consideration BS EN ISO 6946, BS EN ISO 10456 and BRE Report 443), using the Product's declared thermal conductivity (λ_D). Design and declared thermal values can be found in BS EN ISO 10456.

The Product can be used to upgrade properties that already have insulation in place, to meet current U-value requirements.

The applied Product forms a solid and seamless air tight insulating foam layer without joints or gaps, reducing thermal bridges.

The maximum thickness of the Product should not exceed 400 mm. For improved thermal/carbon emissions performance, increased insulation thickness may be required.

Account should be taken of the applicable Government Accredited Construction details for Part L, England and Wales, Accredited Construction Details, Scotland and energy measures in PAS 2030 and PAS 2035.

The requirement for limiting heat loss through the building fabric, including the effect of thermal bridging, can be satisfied if the thermal transmittance (U-value) of a flat roof incorporating an appropriate thickness of the Product does not exceed the maximum and target U-values given in the national Building Regulations.

The Product can insulate surfaces in restricted or curved areas, which are typically hard to treat.

Thermal bridging at junctions and around openings

Care shall be taken in the overall design and construction at junctions with external walls and openings to minimise air infiltration and thermal bridging.

Guidance on linear thermal transmittance, heat flows and surface temperature factors can be found in the documents supporting the national Building Regulations and BS EN ISO 10211, BRE Information Paper IP1/06, BRE Report 262 and BRE Report 497.

The applied Product forms a solid and seamless airtight insulating foam layer without joints or gaps, reducing thermal bridges.

2.2.10 Moisture control

Cell structure

The Product has a very low volume closed cell percentage (3.2 %), in accordance with BS EN ISO 4590.

Water vapour transmission

The Product has low water vapour transmission resistance (high level of water vapour permeability) in accordance with BS EN 12086 Method A and does not favour the accumulation of water vapour between the Product and substrate.

Condensation risk

Flat roofs incorporating the Product can adequately limit the risk of interstitial and surface condensation when designed in accordance with BS 5250 and BRE Report 262. Room spaces should be ventilated in accordance with BS 5250. Care should be taken to provide adequate trickle ventilation, particularly in rooms expected to experience high humidity, and to ensure the integrity of VCLs (where installed) and plasterboard wall linings against vapour ingress.

A Condensation Risk Analysis should be carried out by the Agrément holder in accordance with BS 5250 and BS EN ISO 13788 or BS EN 15026.

Water permeability

The open cell structure means the Product is not water-resistant.

The Product has low resistance to water absorption by immersion in accordance with BS EN 1609, Method A.

2.2.11 Fire performance

The Product is classified as Euroclass F (combustible), in accordance with BS EN 13501-1.

The Product must be protected from naked flames and other ignition sources during and after application.

The Product must be suitably separated from any potential source of ignition.

The exposed Product has the potential to contribute to the development stages of a fire.

In habitable rooms where the Product is covered by plasterboard, the Product will not contribute to the development stages of a fire.

The use of the Product in water-proofed flat roofs should not affect the external fire exposure classification when evaluated by assessment or test to BS 476-3.

Proximity of flues and appliances

The installed Product shall be separated or shielded from any heat-emitting fixed combustion appliances, fireplaces, chimneys, or flue pipes passing through a flat roof and any potential source of ignition where temperature is in excess of 70 °C, by non-combustible insulation in accordance with the provisions of the national Building Regulations.

2.2.12 Durability

The Product will have a service life durability equivalent to that of the structure into which it is incorporated.

The Product is inert once cured and is therefore chemically inactive. The Product does not encourage corrosion on metals. Due to the good adhesion, moisture does not build up on metal substrates. No corrosive substances are released for the cured Product.

2.2.13 CE Marking

The harmonised European standard for the Product is BS EN 14315-1.

2.3 - EXAMPLES OF TYPICAL DETAILS

Diagram 1 - Cold flat roof detail

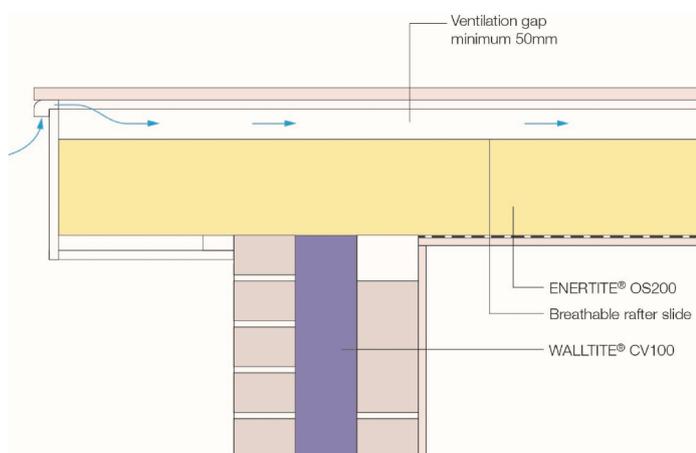
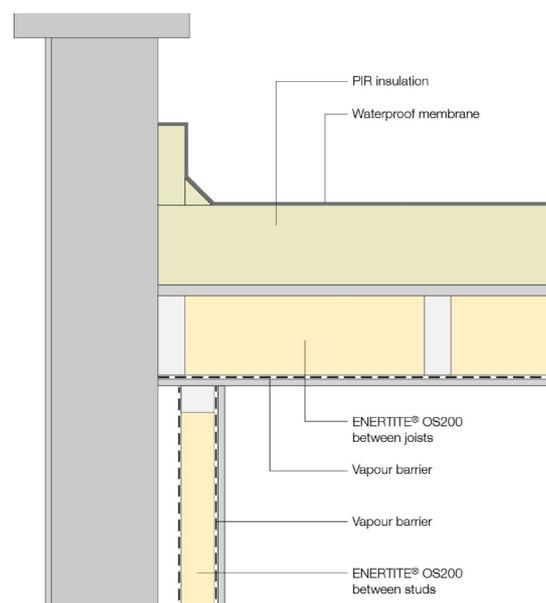


Diagram 2 - Warm flat roof detail



The Product must be installed strictly in accordance with the instructions (hereinafter 'Installation Manual') of the Agrément holder and the requirements of this Agrément.

2.4.1 Installer competence level

See section 2.2.6.

2.4.2 Delivery, storage and site handling

See section 2.2.7.

2.4.3 Project specific installation considerations

The project specific design has been determined from a pre-installation survey.

The primary requirement of the pre-installation survey is to determine the following:

- the external condition of a roof, gutters, chimney stacks, flashings etc;
- there is no existing rain ingress, dampness, staining or condensation on the internal face of a roof;
- the type, suitability and condition of roof timbers and any openings;
- the type and condition of any decking boards or breather membrane present;
- room space ventilation requirements;
- rafter void ventilation requirements;
- room space ventilation requirements;
- areas not to be sprayed.

2.4.4 Preparation

The following works shall be undertaken before the installation of the Product:

- any necessary repairs to roofs, such as replacing damp or broken/rotten timbers;
- repair any damaged or dislodged gutters, flashings;
- any timber treatment carried out;
- make roofs weathertight before application of the Product;
- clean, dry and free substrates from dirt, dust, grease, oils, solvents and loose particles/torching;
- cover front faces of surfaces not to be sprayed, e.g. exposed rafters;
- cover services, e.g. electrical cables.

2.4.5 Outline installation procedure

The detailed installation sequence can be found in full in the Agrément holder's Installation Manual.

Installation of the Product shall be carried out in accordance with BS 8000-0, BS EN 14315-1 and BS EN 14315-2.

During application, prohibit contact with open flames and sources of ignition sources.

Do not apply the Product in thicknesses of greater than 152 mm per pass.

Do not weld or cut metal which is in contact with the Product. If it is necessary to weld metal elements, this must be done before applying the Product.

Application of the Product may produce a build-up of harmful vapours. Installers must wear personal protection equipment (PPE) when working with the Product including nitrile gloves, disposable overalls and full-face mask (with A2P3 filters) air-fed from NIOSH approved pumping equipment.

Some vapours given off by component chemicals are heavier than air and will tend to move to lower parts of the building compartment. These areas should be suitably ventilated. In certain conditions (e.g. application in a confined space) the use of extractor fans is recommended. Ensure proper ventilation in the work area.

The moisture content of the surfaces of porous materials (including concrete) should not exceed 20 % before application commences. Non-porous surfaces must be dry and free from condensation. The presence of surface humidity leads to the formation of a highly porous foam with low adhesion to the substrate.

The relative humidity of the air in the workplace must be less than 85 % to minimise the risk of surface condensation. Care should be taken to ensure that ingress of moisture vapour from the rest of the dwelling space is restricted.

The spraying machine must be specially designed to mix and spray the Product via a spray gun. The Product is applied with volumetric displacement pumps with fixed mixing ratio A/B = 1/1 by volume. The ratio will be controlled prior to each application by measuring the flow rates of the two components before they pass through the mixer in the spraying machine. The value must not differ from 5 % by mass to the indicated value.

Components A and B must not be used when their temperature is below 10 °C. For the supply pumps to operate properly, the temperature of both components must be a minimum of 18 °C.

The spraying machine must have a temperature controller in the pre-heaters and hoses. The working temperature must be set between 49 °C and 54 °C, depending on the ambient temperature conditions. Higher temperatures up to 60 °C may be required in cold conditions.

During spraying, the ambient air temperature and substrate temperature must ideally be between 5 °C and 40 °C. An infrared or contact thermometer can be used for checking substrate surface temperature.

Due to the short reaction time, the spraying can be performed without resulting in sagging. The Product hardens quickly although it will not be completely cured until approximately 24 hours have passed.

Self-verification quality control checks provided for in BS EN 14315-2 must be carried out by the installer in respect of core density, appearance and thickness.

Initial set-up

1. set the appropriate temperature and pressure parameters to guarantee the mixing quality of the Product and select a suitable spraying nozzle;
2. carry out quality control tests to check for a round spray pattern, sticky patches, light or dark patches/streaks, no voids, consistent colour, appearance, reaction profile - cream time, gel time, tack-free time and free-rise density - using test methods in accordance with BS EN 14315-1;
3. interlaminar adhesion shall be checked on a two-layer spray sample.

Flat cold roof - insulation between and below rafters

The Product should be applied between roof joists to a breathable rafter slide put in place to provide a 50 mm ventilated separation layer between the underside of a flat roof decking and the insulating foam.

In accordance with BS 5250 eaves ventilation is required at a rate of 25,000 mm²/m of eaves run.

Flat warm roof

The Product should be applied between the roof joists directly to the underside of a warm deck.

2.4.6 Finishing

The following finishing is required upon completion of the installation:

- the Product should be cured and cold prior to undertaking any finishing work;
- when cured any excess foam can be shaved flush with the adjacent timber rafters to allow for fitting of a lining board with vapour barrier by others;
- in habitable pitched rooms, the Product must be covered by a suitable lining board, with all joints taped, sealed and supported by rafters, noggins or battens;
- in non-habitable room spaces where the Product is left exposed, fire warning labels must be placed in prominent positions.

2.5 - INDEPENDENTLY ASSESSED PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

2.5.1 Thermal performance

Test	Test Standard	Result
Declared aged thermal conductivity (λ_D)	BS EN 12667	0.039 W/mK*

2.5.2 Moisture control

Test	Test Standard	Result	
Cell structure	Open and closed cell volume	BS EN ISO 4590	3.2 % closed cells (mean)
Water vapour transmission	Water vapour transmission rate	BS EN 12086, Method A	6023.9 mg/(m ² .h)
	Water vapour resistivity		16.7 MNs/gm
	Water vapour diffusion resistance factor (μ)		3.3
Water absorption	Short-term water absorption	BS EN 1609, Method A	1.143 Kg/m ² (Side A - mean)
			1.082 Kg/m ² (Side B - mean)

2.5.3 Fire Performance

Test	Standard	Result
Reaction to fire	BS EN 13501-1	F

The REACH Statement for the Product in respect of dangerous substances confirms no hazardous materials are present.

CHAPTER 3 - CDM, NATIONAL BUILDING REGULATIONS AND THIRD-PARTY ACCEPTANCE

3.1 - THE CONSTRUCTION (DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 2015 AND THE CONSTRUCTION (DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS (NORTHERN IRELAND) 2016

Information in this Agrément may assist the client, Principal Designer/CDM co-ordinator, designer and contractors to address their obligations under these Regulations.

3.2 - THE NATIONAL BUILDING REGULATIONS

In the opinion of Kiwa Ltd., the Product, if installed and used in accordance with Chapter 2 of this Agrément, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements of the following national Building Regulations.

3.2.1 - ENGLAND THE BUILDING REGULATIONS 2010 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS

- C2(c) Resistance to moisture - a roof incorporating the Product can adequately protect a building from condensation
- J4 Protection of building - the Product can be separated from hot appliances and surfaces to prevent a building catching fire
- L1(a)(i) Conservation of fuel and power - the Product can limit heat gains and losses through a roof
- Regulation 7(1)(a) Materials and workmanship - the Product is an adequate and proper material
- Regulation 23(1) Requirements relating to thermal elements - the Product can contribute to a roof complying with the requirements of L1(a)(i)
- Regulation 26 - CO₂ emission rates for new buildings - the Product can contribute to a building to not exceed its CO₂ emission rate
- Regulation 26A - Fabric energy efficiency rates - the Product can contribute to satisfying this Requirement

3.2.2 - WALES THE BUILDING REGULATIONS 2010 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS

- C2(c) Resistance to moisture - a roof incorporating the Product can adequately protect a building from condensation
- J4 Protection of building - the Product can be separated from hot appliances and surfaces, to prevent a building catching fire
- L1(a)(i) Conservation of fuel and power - the Product can limit heat gains and losses through a roof
- Regulation 7(1)(a) Materials and workmanship - the Product is an adequate and proper material
- Regulation 23(1) Requirements relating to thermal elements - the Product can contribute to a roof complying with the requirements of L1(a)(i)
- Regulation 26 - CO₂ emission rates for new buildings - the Product can contribute to a building to not exceed its CO₂ emission rate
- Regulation 26A - Primary energy consumption rates for new buildings - the Product can contribute to a satisfying this Regulation
- Regulation 26B - Fabric performance values for new dwellings - the Product can contribute to satisfying this Requirement

3.2.3 - SCOTLAND THE BUILDING (SCOTLAND) REGULATIONS 2004 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS

3.2.3.1 Regulation 8(1) Fitness and durability of materials and workmanship

- The Product is durable and fit for its intended purpose

3.2.3.2 Regulation 9 Building standards - construction

- 3.15 Condensation - a roof incorporating the Product can contribute to limiting surface or interstitial condensation
- 3.19 Combustion appliances - relationship to combustible materials - the Product can be separated from hot appliances and surfaces to prevent damage to a building
- 6.1(b) Carbon dioxide emissions - the Product will contribute to energy conservation of a building
- 6.2 Building insulation envelope - the Product will contribute to the insulation envelope to resist thermal transfer
- 7.1(a)(b) Statement of sustainability - the Product can contribute to satisfying the relevant Requirements of Regulation 9, Standards 1 to 6, and therefore will contribute to a construction meeting a bronze level of sustainability as defined in this Standard. In addition, the Product can contribute to a construction meeting a higher level of sustainability as defined in this Standard

3.2.3.3 Regulation 12 Building standards - conversions

- All comments given under Regulation 9 also apply to this Regulation, with reference to Schedule 6

3.2.4 - NORTHERN IRELAND THE BUILDING REGULATIONS (NORTHERN IRELAND) 2012 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS

- 23(a)(b) Fitness of materials and workmanship - the Product is suitable and can be adequately mixed, prepared and applied
- 29 Condensation - the Product can contribute to limiting interstitial condensation in a building
- 39(a)(i) Conservation measures - the Product will limit heat gains and losses through a roof
- 40(2) Target carbon dioxide emission rate - the Product will contribute to a building to not exceed its target CO₂ emission rate
- 73(1)(b) Protection of people and buildings - the Product can be separated from hot appliances and surfaces to prevent damage to a building by heat or fire

3.3 - THIRD-PARTY ACCEPTANCE

None requested by the Agrément holder.

CHAPTER 4 - SOURCES

- BS EN ISO 10211:2017 Thermal bridges in building construction. Heat flows and surface temperatures. Detailed calculations
- BS EN ISO 13788:2012 Hygrothermal performance of building components and building elements. Internal surface temperature to avoid critical surface humidity and interstitial condensation. Calculation methods
- BS EN 1928:2000 Flexible sheets for waterproofing. Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing. Determination of watertightness
- BS EN 14315-1:2013 Thermal insulating products for buildings. In-situ formed sprayed rigid polyurethane (PUR) and polyisocyanurate (PIR) foam products. Specification for the rigid foam spray system before installation
- BS EN 14315-2:2013 Thermal insulating products for buildings. In-situ formed sprayed rigid polyurethane (PUR) and polyisocyanurate (PIR) foam products. Specification for the installed insulation products
- BS EN 15026:2007 Hygrothermal performance of building components and building elements. Assessment of moisture transfer by numerical simulation
- BS 476-3:2004 Fire tests on building materials and structures. Classification and method of test for external fire exposure to roofs
- BS 5250:2011+A1:2016 Code of practice for control of condensation in buildings
- BS 6093:2006+A1:2013 Design of joints and jointing in building construction. Guide
- BS 8000-0:2014 Workmanship on construction sites. Introduction and general principles
- BRE Information Paper 1/06:2006 Assessing the effects of thermal bridging at junctions and around openings
- BRE Report 262:2002 Thermal insulation: avoiding risks
- BRE Report 443:2006 Conventions for U-value calculations
- BRE Report 497:2016 Conventions for calculating linear thermal transmittance and temperature factors
- PAS 2030:2019 Specification for the installation of energy efficiency measures in existing buildings
- PAS 2035:2019 Retrofitting dwellings for improved energy efficiency - Specification and guidance
- Government Accredited Construction Details for Part L - England and Wales
- Accredited Construction Details for Scotland

Remark: apart from these sources, technical information and confidential reports have been assessed; any relevant documents are in the possession of Kiwa Ltd. and kept in the Technical Assessment File of this Agrément. The Installation Manual for the Product may be subject to change, the Agrément holder should be contacted for clarification of revision.

CHAPTER 5 - AMENDMENT HISTORY

Revision	Amendment Description	Amended By	Approved By	Date
-	First Issue	C Vurley	C Forshaw	March 2020

CHAPTER 6 - CONDITIONS OF USE

This Agrément may only be reproduced and distributed in its entirety.

For full terms and conditions refer to Kiwa Ltd.